
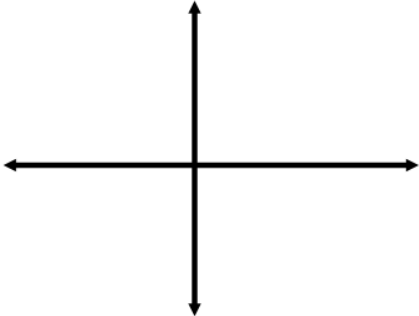


24th Jan	
Simplify fully $(2x - 3)^2 - (x - 2)^2$	 Corbettmaths
Solve the equation $3x^2 + 4x - 4 = 0$	
A sequence $u_1, u_2, u_3 \dots$ is defined by $u_1 = 3$ and $u_{n+1} = 4u_n + 1$	Find $\sum_{n=1}^4 u_n$
Sketch $y = x^2 + x - 12$	
Sketch $y = (x+2)^2 + (x+2) - 12$	