

7th September



Corbettmaths

The point A has coordinates $(-12, -7)$ and the point B has coordinates $(-8, 1)$

Find the equation of the line parallel to AB and passing through $(2, 5)$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{1 - (-7)}{-8 - (-12)}$$

$$= \frac{8}{4} = 2$$

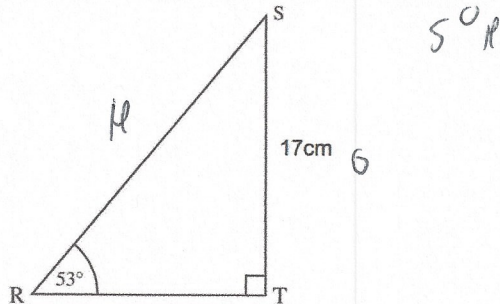
$$y = 2x + 1$$

Angle SRT is 53° , to the nearest degree. ST is 17cm to the nearest centimetre.

Work out the upper bound for the length of RS.

$$\text{Max RS} = \frac{17.5}{\sin 52.5}$$

$$= 22.058 \text{ cm}$$

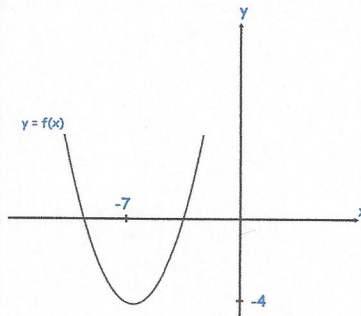


$y = f(x)$ has a minimum point at $(-7, -4)$.

The graph of $y = f(x) + a$ has a minimum point at $(-7, 0)$, where a is a constant.

Write down the value of a .

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Make y the subject of

$$\frac{8}{x} = \frac{3}{y} + \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{8}{x} = \frac{15}{5y} + \frac{2y}{5y}$$

$$\frac{8}{x} \times \frac{5y}{5y} = \frac{15 + 2y}{5y}$$

$$40y = 15x + 2xy$$

$$40y - 2xy = 15x$$

$$y(40 - 2x) = 15x$$

$$y = \frac{15x}{40 - 2x}$$

Sketch $x^2 + y^2 = 9$

$$r = \sqrt{9} = 3$$

