

5th January



Corbettmaths

Express  $(8 + \sqrt{5})^2$  in the form  $a + b\sqrt{5}$

$$(8 + \sqrt{5})(8 + \sqrt{5})$$

$$64 + 8\sqrt{5} + 8\sqrt{5} + 5$$

$$69 + 16\sqrt{5}$$

Find the minimum value of  $x^2 + 6x + 20$  and the value of  $x$  for which it occurs.

$$(x+3)^2 - 9 + 20$$

$$(x+3)^2 + 11$$

minimum value of  $x^2 + 6x + 20$  is 11.  
It occurs when  $x = -3$

Write the equation of a circle C, with centre O and radius 4cm.

$$x^2 + y^2 = 4^2$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 16$$

Write  $2.1\dot{6}\dot{5}$  as a mixed number. Give your answer in its simplest form.

~~$x = 2.1656565 \dots$~~   
 $10x = 21.656565 \dots$   
 $1000x = 2165.6565 \dots$

$$990x = 2144$$

$$x = \frac{2144}{990} = \frac{1072}{495}$$

or  $2\frac{82}{495}$

Find the nth term of

$1, 3, 7, 13, 21, \dots, \dots$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 3 & 7 & 13 & 21 & \dots & \dots \\ \underline{2} & \underline{4} & \underline{6} & \underline{8} & & & \\ 2 & 2 & 2 & & & & \end{array}$$

$$3a + b = 2$$

$$3 + b = 2$$

$$b = -1$$

$$c = 1$$

$$n^2 - n + 1$$