

23rd March



Corbettmaths

Two solids are mathematically similar.
The surface area of the smaller solid is $42\pi \text{ cm}^2$
The surface area of the larger solid is $1512\pi \text{ cm}^2$

$$1512\pi \div 42\pi = 36$$

The height of the larger solid is 96cm.
Work out the height of the smaller solid.

$$\sqrt{36} = 6$$

$$96 \div 6 = 16 \text{ cm}$$

$$W = \frac{\sqrt[3]{y}}{r}$$

$$\text{max } W = 1.741278051$$

$$\text{min } W = 1.685414171$$

$y = 1800$ to 2 significant figures 1850
 $r = 7.1$ to 1 decimal place 1750

By considering bounds, work out the value of w to a suitable degree of accuracy

$$\begin{matrix} 7.15 \\ 7.05 \end{matrix}$$

1.7 to nearest 1dp

Make x the subject of

$$y = \frac{x+7}{x-3}$$

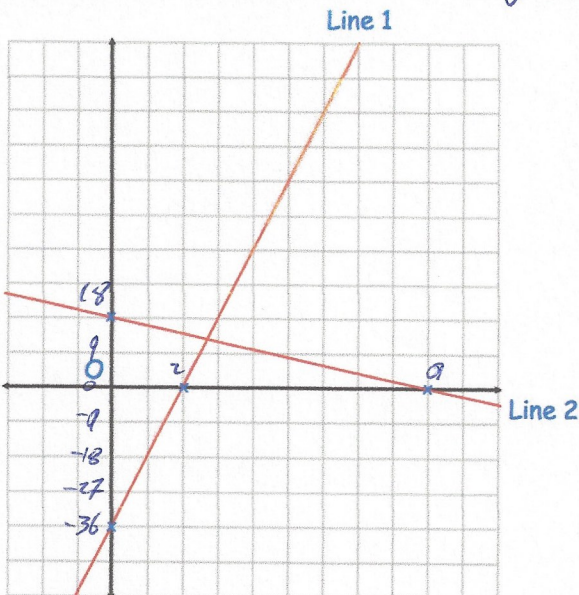
$$y(x-3) = x+7$$

$$xy - 3y = x+7$$

$$xy - x = 7 + 3y$$

$$x(y-1) = 7+3y$$

$$x = \frac{7+3y}{y-1}$$



Shown are two straight lines drawn on the grid.

Line 2 has equation $y = -2x + 18$

Find the equation of Line 1

$$y = 18x - 36$$

Are the two lines parallel? perpendicular?

No