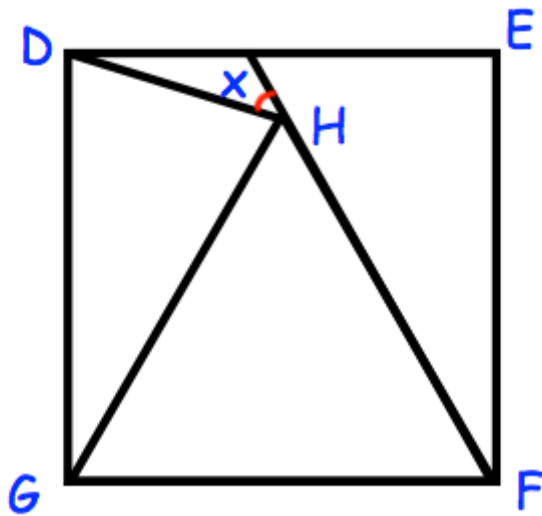


September 21st



Angle HGF =  $60^\circ$  (since triangle HGF is equilateral)

HG = GF

$\therefore$  HG = DG and triangle DGH is isosceles

Angle DGH =  $90 - 60 = 30^\circ$

$\therefore$  angle GHD =  $(180 - 30) \div 2 = 75^\circ$

Now, since angle FHG =  $60^\circ$  and angle GHD =  $75^\circ$

$$x = 180 - (60 + 75) = \mathbf{45^\circ}$$