

Examples

Workout



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Question 1: Solve each of the equations below

(a)  $(2y - 1)(y - 2) = 0$

(b)  $(4x - 3)(x + 1) = 0$

(c)  $(2y + 3)(2y - 5) = 0$

(d)  $(5m - 4)(m + 2) = 0$

(e)  $(h + 9)(3h - 1) = 0$

(f)  $(2x - 3)(3x + 7) = 0$

(g)  $(7y + 4)(2y + 1) = 0$

(h)  $(8w - 5)(w - 11) = 0$

(i)  $(5x + 6)(3x - 4) = 0$

Question 2: Solve each of the equations below

(a)  $2x^2 + 5x + 2 = 0$

(b)  $2x^2 + 7x + 5 = 0$

(c)  $5x^2 + 7x + 2 = 0$

(d)  $2x^2 + 17x + 36 = 0$

(e)  $5x^2 + 23x + 12 = 0$

(f)  $3x^2 + 7x + 2 = 0$

(g)  $3x^2 + 4x + 1 = 0$

(h)  $2x^2 + 7x - 4 = 0$

(i)  $2x^2 - x - 6 = 0$

(j)  $7x^2 + 23x + 6 = 0$

(k)  $3x^2 - x - 2 = 0$

(l)  $5x^2 - 16x + 3 = 0$

(m)  $3x^2 + x - 4 = 0$

(n)  $2x^2 - 13x + 15 = 0$

(o)  $7x^2 - 22x + 16 = 0$

(p)  $2x^2 + 15x - 38 = 0$

(q)  $5x^2 - 31x + 30 = 0$

(r)  $3x^2 - 10x - 48 = 0$

Question 3: Solve each of the equations below

(a)  $4x^2 + 8x + 3 = 0$

(b)  $4x^2 + 12x - 7 = 0$

(c)  $4x^2 - 11x + 6 = 0$

(d)  $6x^2 + 31x + 5 = 0$

(e)  $4x^2 - 16x - 9 = 0$

(f)  $8x^2 - 10x - 3 = 0$

(g)  $10x^2 - 11x + 1 = 0$

(h)  $6x^2 + 31x + 18 = 0$

(i)  $9x^2 - 6x - 8 = 0$

(j)  $4x^2 - 4x - 35 = 0$

(k)  $12x^2 + 25x + 12 = 0$

(l)  $14x^2 + 23x - 10 = 0$

(m)  $6x^2 + 13x - 5 = 0$

(n)  $6x^2 - 11x - 7 = 0$

(o)  $16x^2 - 30x + 9 = 0$

Question 4: Solve each of the equations below

(a)  $4x^2 - 9 = 0$

(b)  $4x^2 - 121 = 0$

(c)  $16x^2 - 25 = 0$

(d)  $36x^2 - 1 = 0$

(e)  $9x^2 - 196 = 0$

(f)  $100x^2 - 49 = 0$

(g)  $4x^2 - 900 = 0$

(h)  $64x^2 - 169 = 0$

## Solving Quadratics: Factorising 2

Video 266 on [www.corbettmaths.com](http://www.corbettmaths.com)

Question 5: Solve each of the equations below

- (a)  $2x^2 + 5x = 0$       (b)  $2x^2 - 9x = 0$       (c)  $3x^2 + x = 0$       (d)  $4x^2 + 15x = 0$   
 (e)  $5x^2 - x = 0$       (f)  $6x + 3x^2 = 0$       (g)  $15x - 2x^2 = 0$       (h)  $16x^2 - 20x = 0$

Question 6: Solve each of the equations below

- (a)  $5x^2 - 9x + 6 = 2$       (b)  $2m^2 + 6m + 2 = m + 5$       (c)  $10x^2 + 26x - 3 = x^2$   
 (d)  $3x^2 + 9x + 8 = x^2 + 2x + 3$       (e)  $6y^2 + 4 = 13 - 3y + 4y^2$       (f)  $3x^2 + x + 2 = 3(x + 1)$   
 (g)  $(4x + 3)(x + 2) = 3(x + 1)$

Question 7: Solve each of the equations below

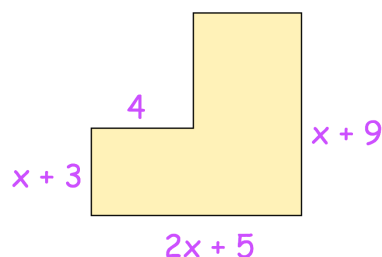
- (a)  $\frac{3}{2x-1} = x - 3$       (b)  $\frac{2x-1}{4} = \frac{1}{2x-1}$       (c)  $\frac{2}{x^2} + \frac{13}{x} + 6 = 0$   
 (d)  $\frac{3}{x^2} - \frac{5}{x} - 12 = 0$

### Apply

Question 1: A rectangular field has a width of  $x$  metres.  
 The length of the field is 25 metres greater than twice the width of the field.  
 The area of the field is  $450\text{m}^2$   
 Work out the length of the field.

Question 2: The  $n$ th term of a sequence is  $3n^2 - n + 10$  where  $n$  is a positive integer.  
 Which term in the sequence is equal to 54?

Question 3: The area of this shape is  $75\text{cm}^2$   
 Find the perimeter of the shape.

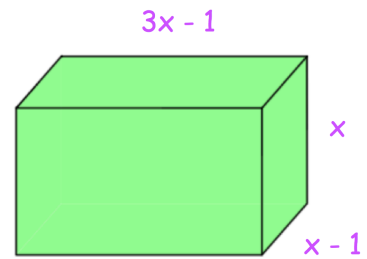


## Solving Quadratics: Factorising 2

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Question 4: The surface area of this cuboid is  $92\text{cm}^2$

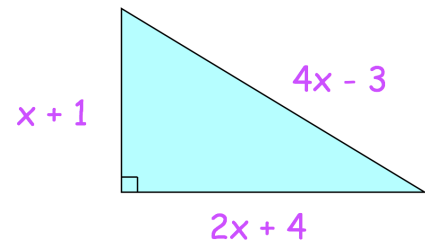
Calculate the volume of the cuboid.



Question 5: Shown is a right angled triangle.

(a) Show that  $11x^2 - 42x - 8 = 0$

(b) Find the value of  $x$



Question 6: The numbers 2,  $3x$  and  $(x + 16)$  are the first three terms of a geometric sequence.

(a) Find the possible values of  $x$

(b) Find the possible values of the 4th term of the geometric sequence.

Answers



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