

4th April



Corbettmaths

a is inversely proportional to the cube root of b.

When a = 60, b = 3.375

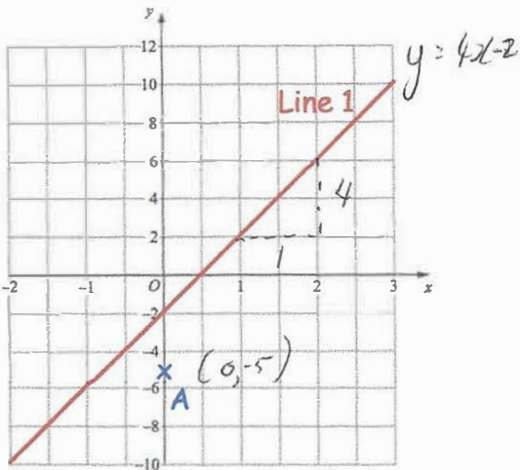
Find b when a = 90

$$a \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \quad a = \frac{k}{\sqrt[3]{b}}$$

$$60 = \frac{k}{1.5} \quad a = 90$$

$$k = 90 \quad \sqrt[3]{b} = 1$$

$$a = \frac{90}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \quad b = 1$$



Find the equation of the line perpendicular to Line 1, that passes through the point A

$$y = -\frac{1}{4}x - 5$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{4}x + c$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{4}x - 5$$

Find the shortest distance between Line 1 and the point A

$$4x - 2 = -\frac{1}{4}x - 5$$

$$4.25x = -3$$

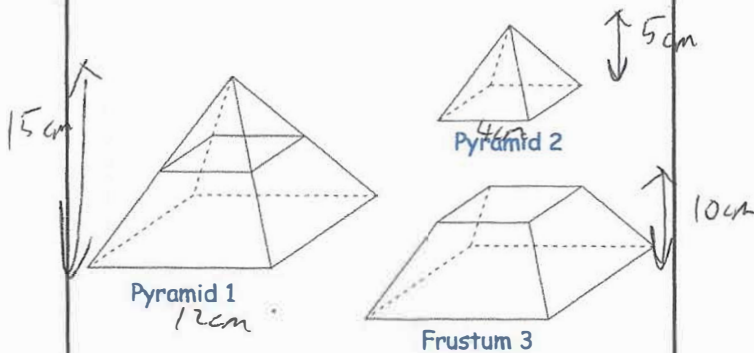
$$x = -\frac{12}{17}$$

$$y = -\frac{82}{17}$$

$$\sqrt{\left(-\frac{12}{17} - 0\right)^2 + \left(-\frac{82}{17} - -5\right)^2}$$

$$= \frac{3}{17}\sqrt{17} \quad (0.7276)$$

A square based pyramid 1 is divided into two parts: a square based pyramid 2 and a frustum 3, as shown.



Calculate the volume of frustum 3.

$$P1 : \frac{1}{3} (12)^2 \times 15 = 720 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$P2 : \frac{1}{3} (4)^2 \times 5 = 26.6 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$720 - 26.6 =$$

$$693.3 \text{ cm}^3$$

Pyramid 1 has a base of side length 12cm.
 Pyramid 2 has a base of side length 4cm.
 The perpendicular height of pyramid 1 is 15cm.