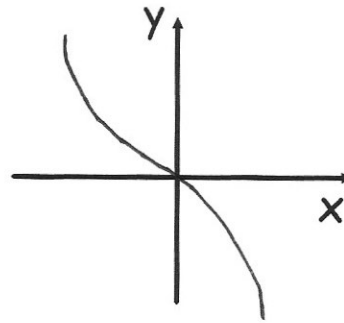




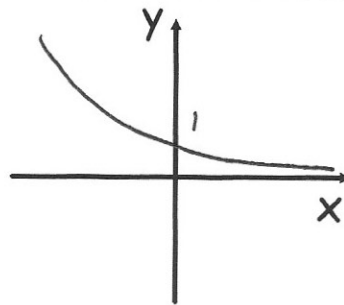
Sketch

$$y = -x^3$$



Sketch

$$y = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x$$



Factorise fully

$$y - 4y^3$$

$$y(1 - 4y^2)$$

$$y(1 - 2y)(1 + 2y)$$

Solve, giving your answers to one decimal place.

$$\frac{6}{x-1} \neq \frac{5-2x}{x-3}$$

$$6(x-3) = (5-2x)(x-1)$$

$$6x - 18 = 5x - 5 - 2x^2 + 2x$$

$$6x - 18 = -2x^2 + 7x - 5$$

$$0 = 2x^2 - x - 13 \quad a=2$$

$$b=-1 \quad c=-13$$

$$x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{105}}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{1 + \sqrt{105}}{4} \quad \text{or} \quad x = \frac{1 - \sqrt{105}}{4}$$

$$2.8$$

$$-2.3$$

The curve $y = x^2 - 6x + 1$ has a line of symmetry.

Write down the equation of the line of symmetry

$$y = (x-3)^2 - 9 + 1$$

$$y = (x-3)^2 - 8$$

$$x = 3$$