Name:

## Exam Style Questions

## Measuring Lines Drawing Lines

Equipment needed: Calculator, ruler, eraser, pen and pencil.

## Guidance

1. Read each question carefully before you begin answering it.
2. Check your answers seem right.
3. Always show your workings

## Video Tutorials

## Measuring Lines



Drawing Lines


Answers and Video Solutions


1. Mikel is measuring the length of the line $A B$.

## A B



Mikel says that the line $A B$ is 10 cm long.
Explain why Mikel is incorrect.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. Measure the length of the line JK


Give your answer in centimetres.
3.


Measure the length of the line CD. Include the units with your answer.
4. Draw a 4cm line.

5. (a) In the space below, draw a line that is 14 cm long.
(1)
(b) Find the point that is halfway along the line and mark it with a cross, $\mathbf{x}$.
6. (a) Measure the length of the line CD. Give your answer in centimetres.

..cm
(b) Mark with a cross $(x)$ the point on the line $C D$ that is 4 cm from $C$.
7. Measure the length of the line EF
 Include the units with your answer.
8. Draw a 10.5 cm line.

9.


> A

B
(a) Measure the length of the line $A B$.

Include the units with your answer.
(b) On the diagram, mark with a cross the midpoint of $A B$
10. In the space below, draw a line that is 62 millimetres long.

11. Shown below is triangle CDE.


Measure the length of the side CE.
Give your answer in centimetres.

Measure the length of the line $A B$.
Give your answer in millimetres.
13.

(a) What type of angle is angle $x$ ?
(b) Measure the length of the line DE.

Include the units with your answer.
14. Shown below is triangle $A B C$.


Find the difference in length between sides $A B$ and $A C$. Include units for your answer.
15. Shown below is a rectangle.
$\square$
(a) Measure the length and width of the rectangle.

Give your answers in centimetres.

Length $=$ $\qquad$ cm
Width =
cm
(2)
(b) Find the perimeter of the rectangle.
16.

(a) Measure the length of the line GH. Include the units with your answer.
(b) Measure the size of the angle $x$.
17. (a) Draw a 16 cm line, $A B$, in the space below.
(b) Mark with a cross (x) the point on the line $A B$ that is 3 cm closer to $B$ than $A$.

